**A PLANT DISEASE THAT KILLS CITRUS** TREES HAS **BEEN FOUND** IN CALIFORNIA. THERE IS NO **CURE AND YOUR CITRUS** TREES ARE AT **RISK. WORKING** TOGETHER, **WE CAN SAVE YOUR COMMUNITY'S** CITRUS.



@CaliforniaCitrusThreat



@CitrusThreat

Learn more about the Asian citrus psyllid and HLB, and see photos at CALIFORNIACITRUSTHREAT.ORG

Report suspicious pests and plant disease to the California Department of Food and Agriculture at **800.491.1899** 

For Asian citrus psyllid treatment information from the University of California, visit **UCANR.edu/sites/ACP** 

View quarantine information and maps at CDFA.ca.gov/plant/ACP



## SAVE YOUR COMMUNITY'S CITRUS









## **HUANGLONGBING (HLB)**

- It kills citrus trees and there is no cure.
- Diseased trees produce lopsided, bitter fruit, and eventually die.
- **HLB has been found** in Southern California, Florida, Texas and other countries, including Mexico.
- Removal of HLB-infected trees is critical to protect the health of your other citrus trees, your neighbors' trees and your community's citrus.
- HLB is also called citrus greening disease.

## • HLB is spread by an insect called the Asian citrus psyllid, which can transfer the disease from tree to tree as it feeds on citrus leaves.

• The Asian citrus psyllid is small, about the size of an aphid.

**ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID** 

- Eggs are laid on small, tender new leaves. Young psyllids are yelloworange and produce a white, waxy substance.
- The insect can be controlled. Visit UCANR.edu/sites/ACP for treatment recommendations, or talk to your local nursery about products available.
- disease is to find and stop the pest from spreading.



- Inspect your citrus trees monthly for the pest and disease, and report findings by calling 800-491-1899.
- Do not move citrus plants, leaves or foliage into or out of your area, or across state or international borders.
- When grafting, only use registered budwood that comes with source documentation.
- Cooperate with agriculture crews placing traps, inspecting trees and treating for the pest.
- Visit your local nursery or garden center to learn what products can help protect your tree from the Asian citrus psyllid.
- Control ants on your citrus trees. Ants interfere with beneficial insects and actually protect the Asian citrus psyllid. Talk to your local nursery about ant bait that can help. If you no longer wish to care for your citrus tree, consider removing it so it does not become a host to the pest and disease.



WORKING TOGETHER, WE CAN **SAVE YOUR COMMUNITY'S CITRUS**